

EXHIBIT 14-1: PCHA GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

I. Introduction

Public housing tenants have the right to request a grievance hearing for any PHA action or failure to act in accordance with the tenant's lease.

Grievance procedures do not apply in the following circumstances:

- A. Disputes between tenants not involving the PHA or class grievances [24 CFR 966.51(b)].
- B. The grievance procedure is not intended as a forum for initiating or negotiating policy changes between a group or groups of tenants and the PHA's Board of Commissioners [24 CFR 966.51(b)].
- C. When the PHA is in a HUD-declared due process state, HUD allows the PHA to exclude from the PHA grievance procedure any grievance concerning a termination of tenancy or eviction that involves:
 - i. Any criminal activity that threatens the health, safety or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises of other residents or employees of the PHA;
 - ii. Any violent or drug-related criminal activity on or off such premises; or
 - iii. Any criminal activity that resulted in felony conviction of a household member [24 CFR 966.51(a)(2)].

May 2023

II. Definitions [24 CFR 966.53]

- A. **Grievance:** Any dispute a tenant may have with respect to PHA action or failure to act in accordance with the individual tenant's lease or PHA regulations that adversely affects the individual tenant's rights, duties, welfare, or status.
- B. **Complainant:** Any tenant (as defined below) whose grievance is presented to the PHA or at the project management office in accordance with the requirements presented in this procedure.
- C. **Elements of due process:** An eviction action or a termination of tenancy in a state or local court in which the following procedural safeguards are required:
 - i. Adequate notice to the tenant of the grounds for terminating the tenancy and for eviction
 - ii. Right of the tenant to be represented by counsel
 - iii. Opportunity for the tenant to refute the evidence presented by the PHA, including the right to confront and cross-examine witnesses and to present any affirmative legal or equitable defense that the tenant may have
 - iv. A decision on the merits of the case
- D. **Hearing officer:** An impartial person or persons selected by the PHA other than the person who made or approved the decision under review, or a subordinate of that person. Such individuals do not need legal training.
- E. **Tenant:** The adult person (or persons other than a live-in aide) who resides in the unit and who executed the lease with the PHA as lessee of the dwelling unit, or if no such person now resides in the unit, the person who resides in the unit and is the remaining head of the household of the tenant family residing in the dwelling unit.
- F. **Resident organization:** An organization of residents, which also may include a resident management corporation.

III. This grievance procedure [24 CFR 966.51]

This grievance procedure is included by reference in all tenant dwelling leases and will be furnished to each tenant and all resident organizations [24 CFR 966.52 (b) and (d)].

Any changes proposed in this grievance procedure must provide for at least 30 days' notice to tenants and resident organizations, explaining the proposed changes and providing an opportunity to present written comments. Comments will be considered by the PHA before any revisions are made to the grievance procedure [24 CFR 966.52(c)].

IV. Informal settlement of a grievance [24 CFR 966.54]

Any grievance request must be personally presented, either orally or in writing (including email), to the PHA's central office or the management office of the development in which the tenant resides within 10 days after the violation.

As soon as the grievance request is received, it will be reviewed by the PHA to ensure it meets the requirements for a grievance hearing. If the tenant is not entitled to a grievance, the PHA will notify the tenant that they may instead seek judicial review and the procedures for requesting such a review [24 CFR 966.4(l)(3)(i)(C)(v)(B)].

Otherwise, within 10 business days, the tenant will be contacted to arrange a mutually convenient time to meet so the grievance may be discussed and settled without a hearing. At the informal settlement, the tenant will present their grievance.

Within five business days following the informal settlement, the PHA will prepare and either hand deliver, mail, or email to the tenant a summary of the discussion. The summary will specify the names of the participants; the date of the meeting; the nature of the proposed resolution of the complaint, with specific reason(s); and will specify the procedures by which a formal hearing under this procedure may be obtained if the tenant is not satisfied [24 CFR 966.54]. A copy of this summary will also be placed in the tenant's file.

V. Requesting a formal grievance hearing

If the tenant is not satisfied with the outcome of the informal settlement, the tenant must submit a written request for a hearing to the management office of the development where the tenant lives no later than five business days after receiving the summary of the informal settlement.

The written request must specify the reasons for the request and the action or relief sought from the PHA.

VI. Selecting the hearing officer

A grievance hearing will be conducted by an impartial person appointed by the PHA as described below:

- A. The hearing officer will be appointed directly by the executive director.
- B. The hearing officer will be someone who did not make or approve the decision under review and who is not a subordinate of such persons [24 CFR 066.54(e)].
- C. The PHA's method for selecting a hearing officer will be included in the lease [24 CFR 966.54(e)].

VII. Scheduling hearings [24 CFR 966.56(a)]

When a tenant submits a timely request for a grievance hearing, the PHA will immediately appoint an impartial hearing officer.

Once the hearing has been scheduled, the tenant will receive written notice of the hearing, sent by mail or email, return receipt requested.

Within 10 days of receiving the written request, the hearing will be scheduled. The tenant, PHA, and hearing officer will be notified in writing of the date, time and location of the hearing. If the hearing will be held remotely, the PHA will also include information on the remote hearing process.

The tenant may request to reschedule a hearing once. Should the tenant need to reschedule a second time, they may only do so for good cause, or if needed as a reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities. *Good cause* is defined as an unavoidable conflict which seriously affects the health, safety, or welfare of the family. Requests to reschedule a hearing must be made orally or in writing at least one day prior to the hearing date.

VIII. Procedures governing the hearing [24 CFR 966.56]

The hearing will be held before a hearing officer as described above in Section VI. The tenant will be afforded a fair hearing, which will include:

- A. The opportunity to examine any PHA documents before the hearing, including records and regulations, that are directly relevant to the hearing.

The tenant must request to view and copy PHA documents relevant to the hearing by noon of the day before the hearing. The tenant is allowed to copy any such document at no cost to the tenant.

If the PHA does not make the document available for examination upon request by the tenant, the PHA may not rely on such document at the grievance hearing.

- B. The right to be represented by counsel or any other person chosen as the tenant's representative, at the tenant's expense, and to have such person make statements on the tenant's behalf.
- C. The right to a private hearing unless the tenant requests a public hearing.
- D. The right to present evidence and arguments in support of the tenant's complaint, to refute evidence relied on by the PHA or project management, and to confront and cross-examine all witnesses upon whose testimony or information the PHA or project management relies.
- E. A decision based solely and exclusively upon the facts presented at the hearing [24 CFR 966.56(b)].

The hearing is conducted informally by the hearing officer. The PHA and the tenant must be given the opportunity to present oral or documentary evidence that is relevant to the facts and issues raised, and to question any witnesses.

The hearing decision will be based on the preponderance of the evidence, defined as evidence which is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it; that is, evidence which as a whole shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. Preponderance of the evidence may not be determined by the number of witnesses, but by the greater weight of all evidence.

The tenant or the PHA may arrange in advance for a transcript or recording of the hearing at the expense of the party making the arrangement.

The PHA must provide reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities to participate in the hearing. Reasonable accommodation may include qualified sign language interpreters, readers, accessible locations, or attendants. If the tenant is visually impaired, any notice to the tenant that is required under this procedure must be in an accessible format [24 CFR 966.56(f)].

The PHA must comply with HUD's requirements regarding limited English proficiency (LEP). The tenant has the right to request competent oral interpretation, free of charge. LEP requirements can be found at:

https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/fair_housing_equal_opp/promotingfh/lep-faq

IX. Remote Hearings

The PHA has the authority to require that hearings be conducted remotely in certain situations.

X. Failure to appear at the hearing

If the tenant does not arrive within 15 minutes of the scheduled time, it will be considered a failure to appear, which means they have given up their right to a hearing.

Both the tenant and the PHA must be notified of the determination by the hearing officer. A determination that the tenant has waived their right to a hearing will not constitute a waiver of any right the tenant may have to contest the PHA's disposition of the grievance in an appropriate judicial setting [24 CFR 966.56(c)].

XI. Decision of the hearing officer [24 CFR 966.57]

The hearing officer will prepare a written decision together with the reasons for the decision within 10 business days after the hearing. A copy of the decision will be sent to the tenant and the PHA.

The PHA will retain a copy of the decision in the tenant's file.

The hearing officer may ask the family for additional information and/or might adjourn the hearing in order to reconvene at a later date before reaching a decision. If the family misses a deadline ordered by the hearing officer, the hearing officer will make a decision based on the evidence presented.

The decision of the hearing officer will be binding on the PHA unless the PHA's Board of Commissioners determines within a reasonable time and notifies the tenant of its determination that:

- A. The grievance does not concern PHA action or failure to act in accordance with or involving the tenant's lease or PHA regulations, which adversely affect the tenant's rights, duties, welfare, or status; or
- B. The decision of the hearing officer is contrary to applicable federal, state, or local law, HUD regulations, or requirements of the annual contributions contract (ACC) between HUD and the PHA.

When the PHA considers the decision of the hearing officer to be invalid for either of the reasons stated above, it will present the matter to the PHA Board of Commissioners within 10 business days of the date of the hearing officer's decision. The Board will have 30 calendar days to consider the decision. If the Board decides to reverse the hearing officer's decision, it must notify the tenant within 10 business days of this decision.

A decision by the hearing officer or Board of Commissioners in favor of the PHA or which denies the relief requested by the tenant, in whole or in part, will not constitute a waiver of nor affect in any way the tenant's right to a trial or judicial review in any court proceedings, which may be brought in the matter later [24 CFR 966.57].